## SIXTEEN GREAT POEMS OF IFÁ

ajalá and the Chaice of are

BY

WANDE ABIMBOLA

UNESCO

## vi. Ajàlá and the Choice of Orí

The following poem tells the story of how Ori is chosen in orun (heaven) and the consequences of this irrevocable choice on every individual. The story concerns three friends — Orísèékú (the son of Ògún) Orílèémèrè (the son of lja) and Afùwapé (the son of Orúnmilà) — who were going to the abode of Olódùmarè to choose Orí". The three friends were warned, probably by people who knew the problems of people going on the long journey, not to stop anywhere on the way but to go directly to the home of Ajàlá, "the potter who makes heads in òrun". The two friends, Orísèékú and Orí-lèémèrè took the advice seriously and failed to call on their fathers despite the fact that they passed by their fathers' homes on the way. But Afùwàpé, the son of Orúnmìlà, insisted on seeing his father and thus left his two friends to continue on their journey while he stayed for a while with his father.

Orísèékú and Orílèémèrè finally reached Àjàlá's house after a lot of problems on the way. But they did not find him at home. They therefore asked for the store-house of heads and each one made his own choice. Unfortunately, the heads they chose were useless ones with the result that when they arrived on earth, they worked hard but they did not achieve any

good results.

When Afùwàpé left his two friends, he went into his father's house. His father performed divination for him and the Ifá priests who performed the divination asked his father to perform sacrifice with three small bags of salt and three times nine thousand cowries. The Ifá priests gave him part of the money and the salt to take with him on the journey. After travelling for a long time, Afùwàpé got to the house of a gate-keeper and he

asked for the way to Ajàlá's house but the gate-keeper insisted that he would first of all finish cooking his soup before he would show the way to Afùwàpé. While they were cooking the soup, he noticed that the gate-keeper was using ashes instead of salt to sweeten his soup. He therefore introduced salt to the gate-keeper who liked it so much that he told Afùwàpé the secret about Ajálá which led to his choice of a good Orí.

The gate-keeper told Afùwàpé that Àjálá was an incorrigible debtor and that he was always hiding in the ceiling of the house to avoid his creditors. He therefore advised Afùwàpé to pay off the debts owed by Àjá á so that the latter could emerge from his hiding place and attend to him personally while choosing his Orí. When Afùwàpé got to Àjàlá's house, he paid off the creditors he met there and Àjálá emerged from hiding. The result was that Afùwàpé chose a good Orí and when he got to the earth, he became a very prosperous person.

There are a number of important points in this story. First, we see the importance of sacrifice as a means of leading one aright all the time. It was the sacrifice of money and salt which Afùwàpé made in his father's house which led him to make the right choice of Orí in the house of Ajálá. He introduced the salt to the gate-keeper who liked it so much that he told him what to do at Ajàlá's house. He used the money to pay off Ajàlá's creditors thus making it possible for that incorrigible fellow to choose the right type of Orí for him.

Secondly, we see the importance of salt as a ritual and civilizing commodity. The gate-keeper who did not know salt can be regarded as a symbol of ancient and primitive culture while Ajàlá's introduction of salt to him can be regarded as a powerful civilizing influence

for which the gate-keeper was so grateful. In the folk-lore of many cultures of the world, salt is usually regarded as a commodity with important ritual and commercial significance. In this particular story, it could be regarded as the commodity which one must have in order to have the secret and important knowledge which can affect the choice of one's destiny in life. In other words, salt is synonymous with good, orderly and civilized life while lack of it represents primitive and useless life. This is probably why salt is used during the christening ceremony of Yoruba children. Salt is synonymous with good, happy and sweet life.

Thirdly, this story clearly shows that once the choice of **Ori** has been made, one has made for oneself a final and irrevokable decision. The only thing that can affect this choice is hard work over a long period of time, the proceeds of which are fed into sacrifice. In other words, the person who has chosen a bad **Ori** in heaven cannot expect to make any progress in life until he has worked very hard and performed a lot of sacrifice with the proceeds of his hard work. But for the person who chose a good **Ori** there is no problem at all in achieving a good life. However, he too must work hard since **Ori** merely represents the potential to achieve success in life.

This extremely fatalistic outlook to life so characteristic of Yoruba belief is redeemed partially by the concept of sacrifice mentioned above. Nevertheless the Yoruba still cling tenaciously to the concept of **Orí** in explaining success or failure in life. It means therefore that, to a large extent, the individual is not entirely responsible for what he achieves or fails to achieve in life. Belief in **Ori** may be regarded as a sort of escapism but it certainly has far-reaching social and psychological consequences.

- Èbìtì, ègbàkè níi yèdí pèé.A díá fún Orísèékú, omo Ògún;A bù fún Orílèémèrè, omo Ìja;A díá fún Afùwàpé tíi somo Òrúnmìlà,
- Nijó tí won ńrelé Olódùmarè lo rèé yanrí. Awon métèèta tí a dárúko wònyí, òré ni wón. Nigbà tó dojó kan ni wón bá gbìmò pò pé Kí àwon ó lo sílé ayé,
  - Kí àwọn ó jọ máa gbébè;
    Bóyá ibèé lè san àwọn ju òrun lọ.
    Ni wón bá fi òrò náà lọ àwọn àgbàlagbà tó jù wón lọ.
    - Wộn ní bí wộn bá nhọ sílé ayé, Wộn ní láti kộkộ lọ sí ộdộ Àjàlá

10

- 15 Láti yan ìpín níbè.
  Wón ní "èèwò kan náà ni e ní láti sà o.
  Bí e bá ńlo;
  E kò gbodò yà sí òtún,
  Béè ni e kò gbodò yà sí òsì,
- 20 Ilé Àjàlá ni kí e máa lọ tààràtà."
  Wón sọ fún wọn pé:
  "Bí enìkán bá gbúroo babaa rệ lónà,
  Kò gbọdò yabè o."
  Wón ni ilé Àjàlá ni kí wọn ó máa lọ tààrà.

It is the snare which strikes suddenly.

Ifá divination was performed for Orí èékú, the son of **Ògún**;

Ifá divination was performed for Orilèémère, the son of lja;3

Ifá divination was performed for Afùwàpé,4 the son of Orúnmilà:

5 On the day they were going to the abode of Olódùmarè to choose Orí. These three people were all friends. One day, they deliberated together,

And decided that they would go to the earth, They decided that when they arrived on the earth,

10 They would settle down there, Hoping that the earth would be better for them than heaven.

They asked for advice from older people, And they were told that before going to the earth, They must first of all go to Ajàlá<sup>5</sup>

15 To choose Ori.

> They were warned thus, "You must observe one prohibition.

When you are going,

You must not turn to the right,

Neither must you turn to the left.

20 You must go straight to the house of Ajàlá."

They were warned thus,

"Even if one of you hears his father's voice on the way,

He must not go there."

They were told to go straight to the house of Ajàlá.

- Wón ní nígbà tí wón bá yànpín tán lódò Ajàlá Ni kí won ó tóó korí sóde ìsálayé. Won ní àwón gbó o. Ni wón bá múra, Ó dilé Ajàlá, alámò tíí morí.
- Nígbà tí wón rìn sàà,
  Wón kan Afabéré-gúnyán níbi tó gbé ngúnyán pèlú okini.
  Wón ní e nlé o, baba.
  Ó ni, "hòo."
  Wón ní, "e jòó,
- 35 Qdo Ajalá làwon nloo."
  Afabéré-gúnyán ní afi bí oun bá gúnyán oun tán Ni oun tóo lee júwe ona fún won.
  Ni Afùwapé bá gba abéré lówoo re,
  Ló bá nfií gúnyán.
- 40 Ó gúnyán náà fún odidi ọjó méta Kí ó tóó gún un tán. Nígbà tí ó gúnyán yìí tán, Ni Afabéré-gúnyán wáá sọ fún wọn wí pé Kí wọn ó máa lọ.
- 45 Ó ní bí wón bá rìn díệ.Kí wọn ó yà sí apá òtún.Ó ní wọn ó kan oníbodè kan mbệ

- 25 They were told that it was after choosing **Orí** from **Àjàlá** 
  - That they would go to the earth.

    They promised to heed the warning.

    They got themselves ready,

    And started off on their journey to the house of

    Ajàlá, the potter who makes heads.
- 30 After walking for some distance,
  They got to He-who-pounds-yams-with-a-needle
  pounding yams with a small needle.
  They said, "Father, we greet you."
  The old man replied, "Thank you."
  They pleaded, "Please, Sir,
- We are going to the house of Ajàlá."

  He-who-pounds-yams-with-a-needle said that he must first finish pounding his yams

  Before he showed them the way.

  Afùwàpé took the needle from him,

  And started to pound the yams with it.
- 40 He pounded the yams for three days
  Before he finished the job.
  When he finished pounding the yams,
  He-who-pounds-yams-with-a-needle told them that
  They were free to continue on their journey.
- 45 He told them that after travelling some distance,They should turn to the right.Where they would find a gate-keeper.

- Kí wọn ó bèèrè lówóo rè, Yóó sì júwe ònà fún wọn.
- Nígbà tí wón rìn sàà, Ni wón bá dé ibìkan. Ni Orísèékú, omo Ògún, bá dúró sii. Ó bèrè síí gbúròóo babaa rè, Bó tí nmú apó,
- Tó ńmú ofà,
  Tó ńmú orun.
  Orísèékú, omo Ògún ní òun ó lo
  Bá baba òun palè ogun mó o.
  Ni wón bá rán an létí pé
- 60 Şe bí wón ti ka èèwò fún àwon Pé àwon ò gbodò yà sí ibìkan. Ni Orísèékú, omo Ògún, bá sísè, Ó ní kò burú. Ni wón bá ńlo.
- Nígbà tí wón rìn sàà,
  Ni wón bá kan ilé Òrúnmìlà.
  Wón ngbó tí Òrúnmìlà nsepón Ifá poro poro poro.
  Ni Afùwàpé bá dúró sii.
  Àwon méjì yókù ní kí ó jé kí àwon ó máa lo.

- They should ask from that man, And he would show them the way.
- After travelling some distance,
   They got to a certain place.
   Orísèékú, the son of Ògún, stood still,
   When he heard his father's movement.
   He heard his father taking his quiver,
- And taking his arrows,
  And taking his bow.
  Orísèékú, the son of Ògún, then said that he would go
  To help his father prepare for war.
  But his comrades reminded him that
- Not to call anywhere on the way.

  Then, Orísèékú, the son of Ògún, moved forward.

  He said that was alright,

  And they continued on their journey.
- After travelling some distance,
  They came to the house of <code>Oprimmila</code>.
  They heard <code>Oprimmila</code> striking his divining board loudly with his <code>Iróké.6</code>
  Afuwapé then stood still.
  The other two urged him to let them go on.

- 70. Afùwàpé ní òun ò níi lọ mó, Àfi bí òún bá fojú kan baba òun. Ni wón bá rán an létí èèwò tí wón kà fún wọn. Afùwapé sá kò jálè, Ó ní òún féé fojú kan baba òun.
- 75. Ló bá rá giiri wolé.
  Ni wón bá ńlo.
  Nígbà tí Òrúnmìlà fojú kan Afùwàpé,
  Ó bi í níbi tó ńlo.
  Afùwàpé ní òún ńlo sóde ìsálayé ni,
- 80. Òún sì ní láti kọ lọ yanrí lọdò Ajàlá. Ni Òrúnmìlá bá kó Ifáa rè, Ó fi kan Afùwàpé lórí. Ìgbà tí yóó da Ifá náà sílè, Ogbèyọnú (Ogbègundá) ni wọn rí.
- 85. Nígbà tí àwon babaláwo ilé Òrúnmìlà wo Ifá náà suun, Wón ní, "Ìwo Òrúnmìlà, Ibìkan ni omoò re nlo yìí, Kómo náà ó lè rí ìpín rere mú níbè,
- 90. Ebọ ni kí ó ṣe."
  Kín ni àwọn ó ha rú báyìí?
  Wón ní kí wọn ó ní egbínrín iyò méta,

- 70. But Afùwàpé said that he wouldn't go
  Until he had seen his father.

  They reminded him of the warning given them.
  But Afùwàpé refused completely,
  And insisted that he must see his father.
- 75. He then hurried into the house.

  The two others left him,
  And continued their journey.

  When **Òrúnmìlà** saw **Afùwàpé**,
  He asked him where he was going.
- 80. Afùwàpé said that he was going to the earth,
  And he must first go to Ajàlá to choose Orí.
  Orúnmìlà then took his divinatio ninstruments,
  And with them he touched Afùwàpé's head.
  When he cast the instruments on the ground,
- 85. Ogbèyónú<sup>8</sup> (otherwise known as Ogbègúndá) appeared.
  When the priests of Òrúnmìlà's household studied

it carefully,

They said, "You, Orunmila,

Your son is going on a journey to a certain place. So that he may choose a good lot there,

- 90. Let him perform sacrifice".
  - When **Orúnmìlà** asked what they would use for sacrifice,

He was told to perform sacrifice with three bags of salt.

- Kó sì ní egbeegbàafà ònà méta. Ni Òrúnmìlá bá kó gbogboo rè kalè,
- 95 Ni wón bá şefá fún Afùwàpé
  Wón bu díệ fún un nínú iyò náà,
  Wón sì fún un ní ẹgbàafà nínú ẹgbàaàsán tí ó rú.
  Ni wón bá ní kí Afùwàpé ó máa lọ.
  Nígbà tí Afùwàpé jáde nílé Òrúnmìlà,
- 100 Kò rí Orísèékú, omo Ògún, Àti Orílèémèrè, omo Ìja mó. Wón ti lo ní ti won. Nígbà tí àwon méjì yí ńlo. Wón kan oníbodè àkókó,
- 105 Wón bèèrè ilé Àjàlá lówóo rè. Oníbodèé ní ilé Àjàlá jìnà síhìín. Ó ní bí kò bá jìnà ni, Òun ìbá fi hàn wón. Ni wón bá bínú kúrò lódòo rè,
- 110 Wón bèèrè lódò elòmíràn.
  Ni wón bá délé Àjàlá.
  Nígbà tí wón délé Àjàlá,
  Won ò bá a nílé.
  Ni wón bá jókòó dè é.

And three times twelve thousand cowries. **Òrúnmìlà** got all the materials ready,

95 And the sacrifice was performed for Afùwàpé. Part of the salt
Together with twelve thousand cowries was given to him.

They then asked Afùwàpé to proceed on his journey. When Afùwàpè came out of Òrúnmìlà's house,

He saw neither Orísèékú, the son of Ògún, Nor Orílèémèrè, the son of Ìja.
They had gone.
When these two were going,
They got to the keeper of the first gate,

105 And asked for the house of Ajàlá.
But the gate-keeper said that Ajàlá's house was too far,
He said if it was not too far,
He would have taken them there.
They left him in anger,

110 And asked another person.

At last, they reached Àjàlá's house.

When they got to the house of Àjàlá,

They did not find him at home.

They decided to sit down and wait for him.

- 115 Nígbà tó di ọjó kejì tí Àjàlá ò dé, Ni wón bá wí fún àwon ará ilée rệ pé Nhkan kan làwón wáá şe. Wón ní àwón wáá yanrí ni. Ni àwon ará ilé Àjàlá bá dáhùn pé
- 120 "Bó bá se pé torí ni, Orí mbe nlè" Ni wón bá mú won lo síbi ti Àjàlá morí sí, Ngbà tí Orísèékú ó bòó síbè, Orí tó jé tuntun,
- 125 Tí Àjàlá ò tíì sun rárá ló mú.
  Nígbà tí Orílèémèrè náà ó bòó síbè,
  Orí nlá kan báyìí ló gbé
  Láìmò pé ó ti fó sára.
  Ni àwon méjèèjí bá gbé oríi won borí.
- Ni wón bá fòn ón,
  Ó di òde ayé.
  Ó kù díệ kí wọn ó dóde ìsálayé,
  Ni òjó ba dé.
  Òjò yí rò títí,
- 135 Ó kò, kò dá mó, Béè ni ó ńpa Orísèékú àti Orílèémèrè. Nígbà tí òjó pa Orí yìí tó béè,

- 115 When, on the second day, Ajàlá did not return, They told the people of Ajàlá's household That they had come for a certain thing. They said that they had come to choose Orí. The people of Ajàlá's household answered thus,
- 120 "If that is your mission,

  Numerous heads are available."

  They then took them to Ajala's store-house of heads.

When **Orísèékú** entered, He picked a newly-made head

- 125 Which Ajálà had not fired at all.
  When Orílèémèrè also entered,
  He picked one very big head
  Not knowing that it had cracked.
  The two of them put on their clay heads,
- On their way to the earth.

  A little distance before they reached the earth,
  It started to rain.
  It rained for a long time,
- 135 And it refused to stop. Yet it was beating **Orisèékú** and **Orilèémèrè**. After the rain had beaten their heads for long,

Lộ bá bèrè síí mumi yó. Bí oríi wọn náà bá kè yììn,

- 140 Ní ó bàá ri bó sílè pò,
  Orí sáà ńkè yììn
  Títí tí ó fi bú légbèé,
  Tó fi ri dànù,
  Tí gbogboo rèé wáá kù pelebe.
- 145 Ni wón bá fi béè wolé ayé.Nígbà tí wón délé ayé tán,Wón şişé sişé,Won ò rérè je.Bí wón ba fi eépìnì sòwò,
- 150 Eépìnì náà lè tún dá gbèsèe kóò-kan-àbò Sí won lórùn.
  Nígbà tí wón se kiní yìí títí,
  Fún bí odún méwàá,
  Tí won ò rí ojútùúu rè,
- Ni wón bá mééjì kééta,
  Wón looko akónilógbón.
  Àwon awòyeróye wáá fi yé won pé
  Orí tí wón mú ni ò dáa.
  Wón ní, "Nígbà tí e mbò,

- The heads became water-logged. As a result, the heads expanded,
- 140 And they started to drop off in bits.

  The heads expanded more and more,
  Until the sides were completely worn away,
  And started to drop off in lobes.

  So that what remained was flat and small.
- 145 It was in that state that they entered the earth.
  When they got to the earth,
  They worked and worked,
  But they had no gain.
  If they traded with one half-penny,
- 150 It might lead them
  To a loss of one-and-a-half-pennies.
  When they did this
  For about ten years
  Without any hope of improvement,
- 155 They added two cowry-shells to three,
  And went to consult Ifá priests.
  These wise men told them that
  The fault was in the bad heads they had chosen.
  They asked them, "When you were coming to the earth,

- Njé òjó pa yín lónà?"
  Wón ní, "Béè ni."
  Wón ní, "Nígbà tí e mbò wá sílé ayé,
  Orí burúkú le gbé.
  Bí orí náà kò bá se tútù,
- 165 A şe èyí tó ti fó sára."
  Wón ní, "Bé e ti mbò lónà un,
  Tójò npa yín,
  Ni Orí burúkú té e gbé nyìnrìn,
  Tó nri dànù."
- 170 Wón ní, "Nígbà tí e ó fi délé ayé, Orí té e gbé kò jù pelebe lo mó. Láti ìgbà náà, gbogbo isé tí e ńse, Orí burúkú pelebe un le fi ńdí, Ó sì di ìgbà tí e bá kún un títí,
- 175 Tí ó bá dé déédéé èyí tí e gbé kúrò lóde òrun, Kí e tóó máa rí se." Nígbà tí Afùwàpé mbò, Tó rìn sàà, Ó kan oníbodè àkókó.
- 180 Ó bi í léèrè ilé Àjàlá. Eléyiun ní àfi bí òún bá se obè tí òun ńsè tán. Ni Afùwàpé bá jókòó tì í,

- 160 Were you beaten by rain?"
  They answered "We were".
  The Ifá priests said, "When you were coming to the earth,
  You chose bad heads.
  If they were not unbaked heads,
- 165 They must have been broken ones.

  As you were coming to the earth,

  And you were being beaten by rain,

  The bad heads you chose were wearing away,

  And dropping off in pieces.
- 170 Before you arrived on the earth,
  Your heads had become very flat.
  Since then all the gains from your work,
  Were being used to replenish the worn-off parts
  of your bad heads.
  And it is when you have replenished them suffi-
  - And it is when you have replenished them sufficiently
- 175 So that they are restored to their original sizes, That you will begin to prosper very well."

  When Afùwàpé was coming,

  He walked some distance,

  And got to the keeper of the first gate.
- 180 He asked from him the way to Ajàlá's house.

  The gate keeper said that he would first finish cooking his soup.

  So, Afùwàpé sat patiently by him,

- Ó mbá a á koná. Ibi tí Afùwàpé ti ńkoná
- 185 Ló ti rí i pé eérú ni oníbodè mbù sínú obè. Ó ní, "Baba, eérú lè mbù sóbè yìí!" Babá ní ohun táwoón je ní tàwon nù un. Ni Afùwàpé bá mú òkan nínú egbínrín iyòo rè, Ó bu iyò níbè,
- 190 Ó fi sínú ọbệ.
  Ló bá ní kí oníbodè ó tó ọ wò.
  Nígbà tí oníbodè ó fi kan enu,
  Ó ní níbo ló ti rí ohun tó dùn tó báyìí?
  Ó ní njé o lè bun òun níbi ìyókù?
- 195 Afùwàpé ní kò burú, Ló bá kó egbínrín iyò méjèèjì fún un. Nígbà tí wón se obè yí jiná, Ni oníbodè bá dìde, Ó saájú,
- 200 Afùwàpé tè lé e.Wón rìn títí,Wón bùrìn bùrìn,Ni wón bá sún mó ilé Àjàlá.Ni wón bá bèrè síí gbáriwo.

Helping him to kindle the fire.

As Afùwàpé was helping to kindle the fire,

185 He noticed that the gate-keeper was putting ashes into the soup.

He said, "Father, what you are putting into the soup is ordinary ashes".

But the old man said that that was what he always ate.

Afùwàpé then took one of his bags of salt, And took a little salt from it,

190 And put it into the soup.

He asked the gate-keeper to taste it.

When he tasted it,

He asked Afùwàpé whence he got such a thing.

He implored Afùwapé to give him more of it.

195 The latter agreed,

And gave him the two bags of salt.

When they finished cooking the soup,

The gate-keeper stood up.

He led the way,

200 And Afùwàpé followed him.

They walked for long.

They walked and walked.

When they came close to Ajalá's house,

They started to hear a loud noise.

205 Oníbodè ní, "Ilé Àjàlá ni wón tí ńpariwo un." Ó ní, "Àjàlá ò sí ńlé nù un, Ó ti sá pamó fún olówóo rè nù un. Olówó náà ní ńpariwo báun." Ó bi Afùwàpé bó bá ní owó lówó.

210 Afùwàpé ní béè ni.
Ó ní bí Afùwàpé bá fojú kan olówó Àjàlá náà,
Kí ó bá Àjàlá san owó tí ó je é.
Nígbà tí Afùwàpé délé Àjàlá,
Ó bá eni tí Àjàlá je lówó náà

215 Tí ńké, tí ńyán bí esin.
Ni Afùwàpé bá bi í ní iye gbèsè náà.
Ó ní egbàafà ni.
Ni Afùwàpé bá towó bàpò,
Ló bá san án.

220 Nígbà tí ó san owó náà tán, Tí olówó náà lọ tán, Ni Àjàlá bá bệ sílệ láti òkè àjà, Tộ sá pamộ sí. Ó kí Afùwàpé,

225 Afùwàpé náà kí i. Ó ní hjé ó bá enìkan níhìín? Afùwàpé ní òun bá a, 205 The gate-keeper said, "That noise is from Ajàlá's house."

He said, "That shows that Ajàlá is not at home.

He is in hiding to avoid his creditor.

The creditor is the one making that noise".

He asked Afùwapé if he had money on him,

210 And Afùwàpé said he had.

The gate-keeper said that if Afùwape saw the creditor,

He should help Ajàlá to pay up the debt.

When Afùwapé arrived at Ajalá's house,

He found the creditor,

215 Shouting, neighing like a horse.

Afùwàpé then asked him the amount of money involved.

The creditor said the amount was twelve thousand cowries.

Afùwàpé then opened his bag, Brought out the money, and paid the debt.

220 After he had paid the money,
And the creditor had left,
Àjàlá jumped down from the ceiling
Where he had hidden himself.
He greeted Afùwàpé,

225 And Afùwàpé also greeted him.

He asked whether Afùwapé found someone in the house,

And Afùwàpé said he found someone

- Tộ sọ wí pé o jẹ òun ní egbàafà. Afùwàpé ní sùgbộn òún ti san owó náà o.
- 230 Ni Ajàlá bá dúpé lówó Afùwàpé. Ó bí i pé kín ló wáá se. Afùwàpé ní òún wáá yanrí ni. Ni Ajàlá bá mú un, Ó ní kó kálo.
- 235 Nígbà tí ọ yá,
  Wọn dé ibi tí Ajàlá mọ orí sí.
  Wọn bá òkànlérúgba orí níbè.
  Ni Ajàlá bá ju òpá irin sí òkan,
  Ńṣe ló bú pèé.
- 240 Àjàlá ní, "O ò rí i,
  Èyiun ò dáa."
  Ó tún rí èkejì,
  Ó ju òpá irin sí i,
  Èyiun náàá tún bú pèé.
- 245 Àjàlá ní èyiun náà ò dáa.
  Ni wón bá tún ńkáàkiri
  Títí tí Àjàlá fi rí òkan,
  Ó tún ju òpá irin sí òun náà,
  Ó dún kangó kangó, koro koro.

Who said that you (Ajàlá) owed him twelve thousand cowries.

Àfùwápé said he had paid off the money.

- Ajàlá then thanked Afùwápé,
  And asked him what he wanted.
  Afùwápé said that he had come to select an Orí.
  Ajàlá then took him,
  And asked him to come along.
- 235 After some time,
  They got to Àjàlá's store-house of **Orí.**They found two hundred-and-one<sup>10</sup> **Orí** there.
  Àjàlá threw his iron rod at one,
  And that one broke into pieces.
- 240 Ajàlá said, "Don't you see?
  That one is not good".
  He saw another one,
  And threw his iron rod at it.
  That one also broke into pieces.
- 245 Àjàlá said, "That also is not good".

  So, they went on searching,

  Until Àjàlá saw one,

  And he threw his iron rod at that one as well.

  It gave a loud and sonorous sound.

- Ó tún gbé e,
  Ó jù ú mólè,
  Ó yí gbiiri.
  Ló bá gbé e fún Afùwàpé.
  Afùwàpé ní sé èyí ló dáa?
- Ajàlá ní béè ni.
  Ni Afùwàpé bá gbé e karí.
  Ló bá kọrí sónà òde ìsálayé.
  Ó kù díè kó dóde ìsálayé ni òjó bá dé.
  Òjò yí pò tó béè géé,
- Ó sì pa Afùwàpé etíi rèé férèé di.
  Béè ní ntaá dànù.
  Koro koro ni orí náàá yè nígbà tí ó délé ayé.
  Nígbà tí Afùwàpé délé ayé tán,
- Ló bá bèrè síí se òwò,
  Ó sì ńje òpòlopò èrè.
  Ó níre ní ànító.
  Ó kólé, ó kààsè.
  Ó ní òpòlopò aya,
- Ó sì bímọ lópolopo pèlú.Kó bùse gàdà,Kó bùse gèdé,Ni wón bá fi joyè Orísanmí.

- 250 He then took it,
  And threw it on the bare ground,
  He gave it to Afùwàpé.
  Afùwàpé asked whether that was a good one.
- Ajàlá said it was good.

  Afùwàpé then fixed it on the head,
  And started to go towards the earth.

  Just as he was about to get to the earth,
  it started to rain.

  The rain was very heavy,
- And it beat Afùwàpé so much that he was almost deaf.

  As the rain was beating Afùwàpé's Orí,
  The rain particles were dropping off.
  The Orí was quite intact when he arrived on the earth.

  When Afùwàpé eventually got to the earth,
- He started a trading business,
  And he made a lot of profit.
  He had enough of good things.
  He built a house, and furnished it with decorated doors.
  He had many wives,
- And he had many children as well.

  After some time,

  And in due course,

He was honoured with the title of Orisanmi. 11

Nígbà tí Orísèékú, omo Ògún,

275 Àti Orílèémèrè, omo Ìja, fojú kan Afùwàpé,
Púrú ni wón bú sékún.
Wón ní, "N ò mobi olórí gbé yanrí o,

Mbá lộ yan tèmi. N ở mọbi Afùwàpé yanrí o,

Mbá lộ yan tèmi."
Afùwàpé náàá sì dá wọn lóhùn wí pé:
"Q ò mọbi olórí gbé yanrí o,
Ò bá lò yan tìe.
Q ò mọbi Afùwàpé yanrí o,

285 Ö bá lò yan tìẹ. Ibìkan náà la ti gbé yanrí o, Kádàrá ò papò ni".

When Orísèékú, the son of Ògún, And Orílèémèrè, the son of Ìja, saw Afùwàpé,

275

They burst into tears.

They said, "I don't know where the lucky ones chose their Ori,

I would have gone there to choose mine.

I don't know where Afùwàpé chose his Ori,

I would have gone there to choose mine."

Afùwàpé answered and said,

"You don't know where the lucky ones chose

Orí,

You would have gone there to choose ways.

You would have gone there to choose your own. You don't know where Afùwàpé chose his Orí,

You would have gone there to choose your own. We chose our **Orí** from the same place, But our destinies are different."

## NOTES

- 1. Orísèékú. A personal name the meaning of which is obscure.
- 2. **Orílèémèrè.** Another personal name with obscure meaning.
- 3. Ija. Name of a minor Yoruba god.
- 4. Afùwàpé. Another personal name.
- 5. Ajàlá. A common Yoruba personal name.
- 6. The loud noise mentioned here must have been produced by the hitting of iróké (carved ivory or wooden object of Ifá) on the divining board.
- 7. The Ifá dvination instruments were used to touch Afùwapé's head so as to communicate the wishes of his **Orí** to the Ifá instruments through which **Orúnmìlà** acting as a spokesman of **Orí** would reveal the latter's wishes to the client.
- 8. Ogbèyónú. One of the minor two hundred and forty Odù. Its actual name is Ogbègúndá, that is a combination of Ogbè on the right and Ògúndá on the left.
- 9. The ceiling of a traditional Yoruba building is made of mud spread over a wooden base. It is usually solid enough to hold most household implements which are kept there. It is also solid enough to hold a man repairing the roof or mending any part of the ceiling itself.
- 10. The number two hundred and one is commonly mentioned in Yoruba mythology. The number of gods in the Yoruba pantheon is variously put at two hundred and one or four hundred and one.
- 11. **Orisanmi.** A personal name or name of a title which means "**Ori** has rewarded me abundantly".