

Final Exam, Monday, December 15, 2014

Instructions: Do all twelve numbered problems. If you wish, you may also attempt the three optional bonus questions. **Show all work**, including scratch work. Little or no credit may be awarded, **even when your answer is correct**, if you fail to follow instructions for a problem or fail to **justify your answer**.

If your answer for a given problem is a sum of fractions with different denominators, you may leave it that way. Otherwise, simplify your answers whenever possible.

If you have time, check your answers.

WRITE LEGIBLY.

NO CALCULATORS.

1. **(12 points)** A particle is travelling in such a way that its **velocity** vector at time t is given by $\vec{r}'(t) = \langle t^2, \sqrt{2}t, 1 \rangle$.

(1a) How far does the particle travel from time $t = 1$ to time $t = 2$?

(1b) What is the curvature of the path the particle traces out at the point it passes through at time $t = 2$?

2. **(18 points)** Let $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x^3 + y^3}{2x^2 + y^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$

(2a) Compute $f_x(0, 0)$ and $f_y(0, 0)$.

(2b) Compute $D_{\vec{u}}f(0, 0)$, where \vec{u} is the unit vector pointing in the direction of $\langle 1, -1 \rangle$.

(2c) Based on your answers to parts (a) and (b), explain (briefly) why f cannot be differentiable at $(0, 0)$.

3. **(18 points)** Find and classify (as local minimum, local maximum, or saddle point) every critical point of the function $f(x, y) = x^2y - 3x^2 - 6y^2 + 2$.

4. **(12 points)** Find the point on the ellipse $x^2 + 6y^2 + 3xy = 40$ with the largest x -coordinate.

5. **(20 points)** Find the volume of the region that is inside the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and also inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 3x$.

(Note that the cylinder is centered around a vertical line that is *not* the z -axis.)

6. **(20 points)** Let E be the solid lying

- inside the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$,
- outside the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$,
- below the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$, and
- in the first octant.

Compute $\iiint_E y \, dV$.

7. **(20 points)** Let E be the solid bounded by the surfaces $y = \sqrt{x}$, $x = 2y$, $z = 4$, and $x + z = 4$. Compute the volume of E .

8. **(15 points)** Let C be the quarter of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ in the second quadrant, i.e., the quarter-circle arc from $(0, 3)$ to $(-3, 0)$. Compute $\int_C x^2y \, ds$.

9. **(15 points)** Let C be the boundary of the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(1, 0)$, and $(1, 2)$, oriented counterclockwise. Let $\vec{F}(x, y) = \langle 3y^2, x^2y + \cos^8 y \rangle$. Compute $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$.

10. **(15 points)** Let C be the line segment from $(1, 0, -1)$ to $(0, -2, 2)$.

Compute $\int_C 2y \, dx - 3xy \, dy + z^2 \, dz$.

11. **(15 points)** Let $\vec{F}(x, y) = \langle 2xy + 6x^2, x^2 - y^3 \rangle$.

(a) Show that \vec{F} is conservative by finding a potential function $f(x, y)$ for \vec{F} .

(b) Let C be the curve parametrized by $\vec{r}(t) = \langle t(t-2), t^2(t-3) \rangle$, for $1 \leq t \leq 3$.

Compute $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$.

12. **(20 points)** Let $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \langle y^2, z, x \rangle$, and let S be the part of the paraboloid $z = 3x^2 + 3y^2$ in the first octant and below the plane $z = 3$, oriented downward.

Compute $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S}$.

OPTIONAL BONUS A. (2 points) Let C be the circle $(y-2)^2 + z^2 = 1$ in the yz -plane, and let S be the (surface of the) torus formed by rotating C around the z -axis. Compute the surface area of S .

OPTIONAL BONUS B. (2 points) Let C be the portion of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ in the first quadrant, oriented counterclockwise, i.e., running from $(1, 0)$ to $(0, 1)$.

Let $\vec{F}(x, y) = \langle 2xy^3 \cos(x^2), x^2 + 3y^2 \sin(x^2) \rangle$. Compute $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$.

OPTIONAL BONUS C. (1 point) On December 6, 2014, there was a special runoff election to decide a Senate race for a certain US State. Which one of the 50 states was it?